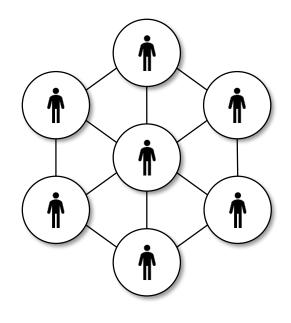
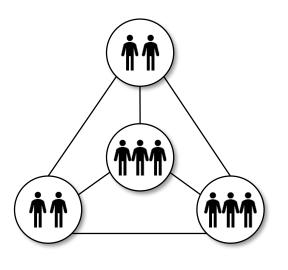




# **Geographic Separation**







Geographically **Isolated** 

Participants are essentially playing alone from many separate locations.

Geographically **Clustered** 

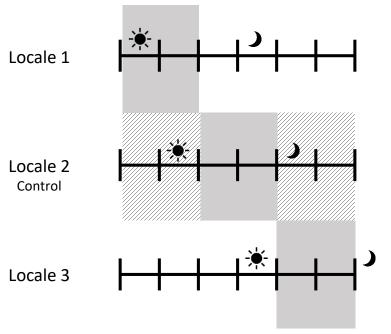
Participants gather in small groups at specific locations.

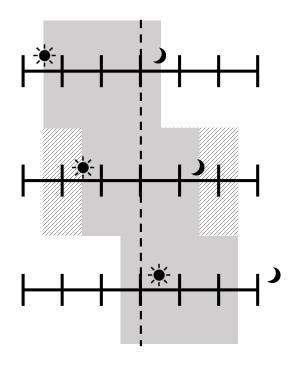
Geographically **Co-located** 

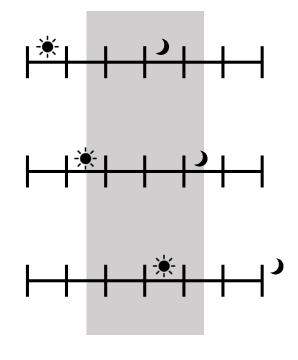
Participants gather all together at one location.



## **Time Separation**







#### Asynchronous\*

Participants are online at different times. Live interaction is limited to those online at any given time. Game play starts and stops locally at different times.

#### Staggered\*

Participant play overlaps at specific times for live interaction; the remainder of the time play is essentially asynchronous.

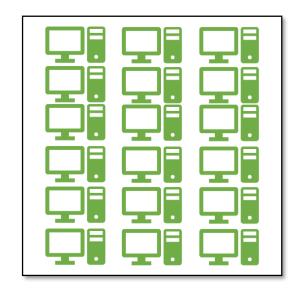
#### **Synchronous**

All participants are online and interacting at the same time.
Game play starts and stops for all players simultaneously.

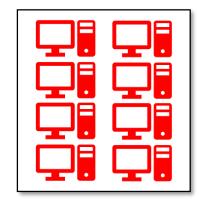
<sup>\*</sup> Control is typically required to be available any time a player locale is active.



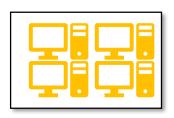
### **Network Classification\***







SIPR, SDREN SECRET



JWICS TOP SECRET

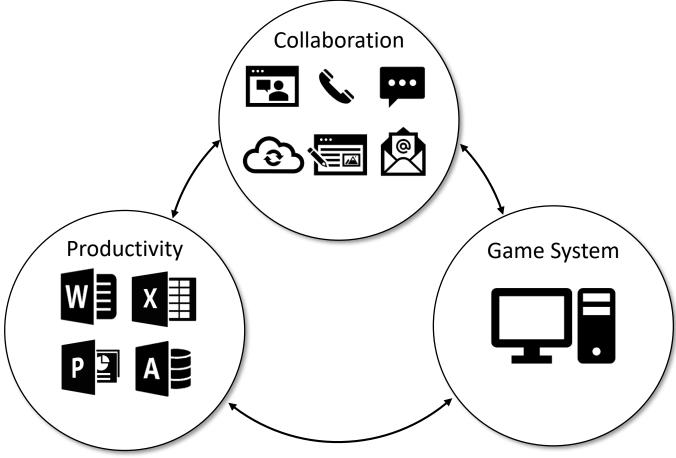


CNET / SIC SPECIAL

The physical space (e.g. SCIFs) and computer terminals available of the appropriate classification at a given locale can limit the number of participants able to be online at the same time from that locale, which in turn can impact pace of play and adjudication.

<sup>\*</sup> Exclusive of WGD Gamenets



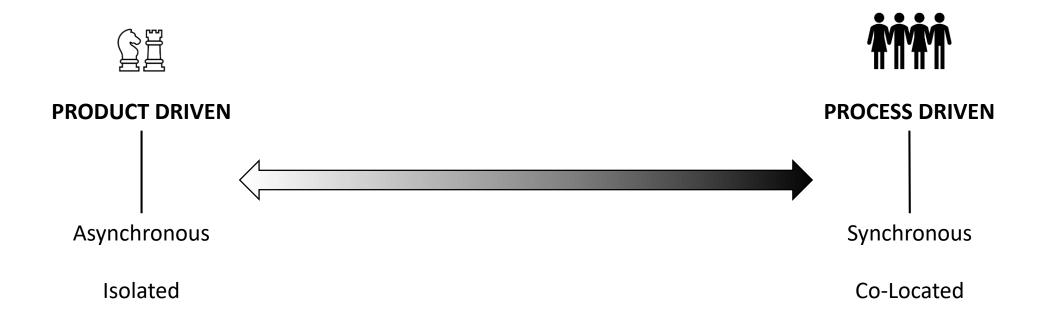


#### **Ad Hoc Tools**

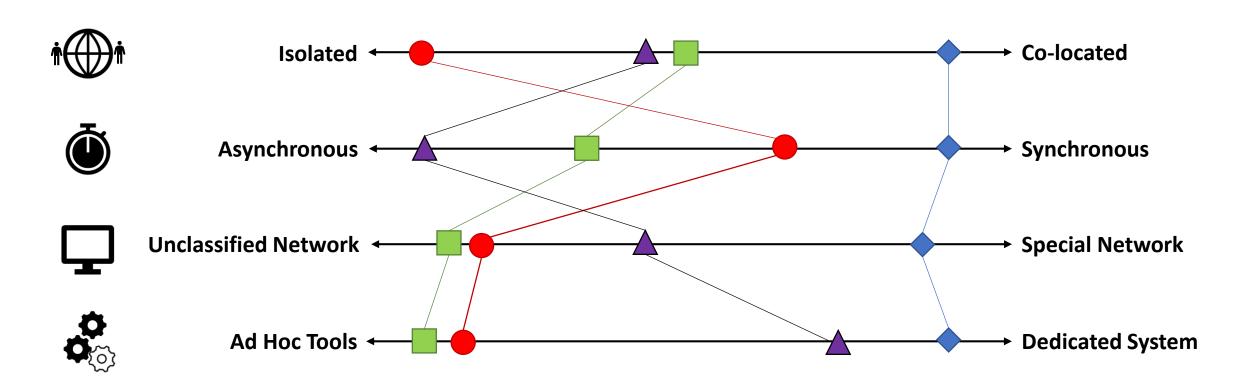
Applications not designed specifically for gaming but can be adapted for the purpose.

#### **Dedicated Tools**

Applications designed and optimized for gaming.



### How do these combinations contribute toward meeting the objective?



- ✓ Scale of game (total number of participants)
- ✓ Player interaction (nature of contact between participants)
- ✓ Time to play (number of moves within a given time)
- ✓ Classification of play (highest classification of game data)
- ✓ Scope of Analysis (ethnography, content analysis)



	Asynchronous/Iso-Clustered	Synchronous/Iso-Clustered	Synchronous/Co-Located
Scale of Game	<ul><li>More people</li><li>Local distraction</li><li>Competing interests</li></ul>	<ul><li>More people</li><li>Time zone differences</li><li>Local distraction</li></ul>	<ul> <li>People limited by facilities</li> <li>"Captive audience" reduces external distraction</li> </ul>
Player Interaction	<ul> <li>Limited outside of locale</li> <li>Formal email &amp; file sharing</li> <li>Ad hoc game cells</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Real time VTC, phone, chat</li><li>Formal email &amp; file sharing</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Formal tools between cells</li> <li>Informal F2F and 'band of brothers' interaction.</li> </ul>
Time to Play	<ul> <li>Slower pace of play</li> <li>More time between moves</li> <li>More player down time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Faster play</li> <li>Collaboration tools add time to moves &amp; adjudication</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fastest pace of play</li> <li>More moves per unit time.</li> <li>Efficiencies gained with use of local networks</li> </ul>
Classification	<ul> <li>Physical space, computers at appropriate classification can limit the number of participants able to be online at the same time</li> <li>Consequential impacts on pace of play and adjudication.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Local networks, facilities play up to TS/SCI/SAR possible with 400+ participants</li> <li>Limited by terminals</li> </ul>
Scope of Analysis	<ul> <li>Product-centered analysis of gaps/issues via player moves, adjudication, and player surveys</li> <li>More difficult to explore process and procedure objectives</li> <li>Consideration for ethnos, facilitators TAD to remote game sites</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Process-centered analysis via player activity</li> <li>Easier to analyze intra-cell and inter-cell interactions</li> </ul>